

CAUSES OF DELAY.

Why Central Men Were Late Reaching Fire.

THE BAD ACTING BAY BOB.

The Central Horse Gets One of His Tantrums Just as the Gong Rings Forth—The New Truck Badly Damaged—Fire Loss Slight.

A man lit a cigar, at the corner of Erie street and Diamond alley, at 9 o'clock Thursday morning. He flung down the burning match. It fell upon a coal hole grating, and flattered downward into the basement of Hemperly & Jacobs' store, which extends under the sidewalk. Instantly there was a loud explosion, and a sheet of flame burst through the hole. A barrel of benzoin, its spigot open, had been ignited. How the spigot came to be opened is not known. It is the supposition that one of the clerks, in carrying up a bucket of coal, a short time previously, unconsciously jarred it open in passing.

Hand chemicals were used on the fire without effect. The central chemical engine did better. A broken window was about the only damage. The total loss is \$100.

The firemen were delayed in getting to the fire. When the alarm was sent in Bob, "the devil horse," was seized with another demon, and ran up and down the barn, here, there and everywhere but under the harness. Chief Burke took the matter to the attention of the council's fire committee today. He declares Bob is thoroughly unreliable.

The hook and ladder truck was damaged in a collision with a telephone post while on its way to the fire. "Bonedust" Thompson, attracted by the alarm, drove leisurely down Factory street to ascertain the cause thereof. As he reached the intersection of Charles street, the team of whites leaped out of the central engine house with the truck. In making the turn up Factory street, the driver had his choice of demolishing Bonedust's outfit or striking the post. He chose the post. The rear axle was badly sprung. It has been temporarily repaired, but will have to be replaced.

ROAN UNDER ARREST

Suspected of Complicity in Burglary.

MONEY, CIGARS AND WHISKEY.

These Secured by Thieves Who Entered the Saloon of T. C. Miller Wednesday Night—Loss, \$100.

One hundred dollars is what T. C. Miller says is his loss through the visit of burglars to his East Main street saloon Wednesday night. The thieves got about \$55 in money, mostly nickels, and large quantities of cigars and whiskey. Mr. Miller thinks that the men entered through the basement, which has a door opening upon the canal. He says, however, that he has always been very careful to see that this door is barred, and he is quite positive it was barred Wednesday night.

"Curly" Roan is under arrest on suspicion. Roan does odd jobs about the Miller place. Wednesday night he was sent into the cellar after something by the bartenders. Afterwards, it is said, he made a visit to the cellar on his own responsibility. The suspicion is that on his last visit he removed the bars from the canal door. Roan claims the cellar door was barred each time he went to the cellar. Roan, it is said, brought a suspicious looking character into the saloon early in the evening. Thus far none of the stolen things have been recovered.

CARS DERAILED.

Trainmen Barely Escape Being Buried in Coal.

Five cars loaded with coal were derailed on the North Massillon nine switch Tuesday afternoon. The speed of the cars was being regulated by brakemen when they left the track while going down a steep grade. The trainmen jumped to save their lives. One car stood on end and a brakeman barely escaped being buried in its contents. Three of the cars were turned over in a field; the other two remained on the ties. The Wooster wreck train was called to clear the track.

WON'T INVESTIGATE.

'Tis Auditor's Business, Says School Board.

Members of the city board of education, unlike their brethren of Canal Fulton and Lawrence township, say they have no thought of making an investigation of the taxes paid by railway corporations whose lines pass through the district. "We regard that as a matter for the county auditor to take up," remarked one member. "If the railways are not paying their proper share of taxes, it is his business to see that they do."

Lawrence township school board members are frank about the matter. They say they need money, and that they believe, under the law, it can be had from the railway companies.

"MCKINLEY DAY."

How it Will be Observed in Massillon.

EXERCISES AT THE ARMORY.

Addresses Will be Delivered by Clergymen and Others--Plans Being Made to Swell Massillon's Contribution to the Memorial Fund.

McKinley day, as the twenty-ninth of January, the birthday of the late President William McKinley is to be known, will be fittingly observed in Massillon. Mayor Wise will request all shops and business places to close during the afternoon of that day, and appropriate exercises will be held at the Armory, the management of which has offered its use for the purpose. The clergy and others of the city will be invited to deliver brief addresses. A musical programme will also be rendered.

At this meeting the mayor will bring up the matter of Massillon's contribution to the McKinley memorial fund. It is his intention to appoint a local committee, with power to name sub-committees, for the purpose of arranging a systematic plan for collecting funds.

"I don't believe there is any man in the city," remarked the mayor, Friday, "however humble may be his station, who does not want to contribute his mite toward erecting a monument to the memory of our beloved McKinley. A sub-committee might be appointed for each shop, or for each section of the city, and thus the matter would be brought to the attention of all."

THE BOSTON FADETTEES.

Fourth Number of the Lecture Course.

The Fadetees Woman's Orchestra, of Boston, will be at the Armory on the evening of Tuesday, Jan. 21, the fourth number of the lecture course. The Brockway Lecture Bureau speaks thus of the organization: "The Fadetees Woman's Orchestra, of Boston, is at once, the representative, unrivaled and unequalled organization of America's young women instrumentalists. Organized in 1888 and incorporated in 1895, they proudly point to twelve years of unqualified success. In their grand tours of the United States and Canada they have met with such phenomenal success that they now need no special introduction to the music-loving public. Commanding everywhere the highest commendation of the most capricious critics, as the 'Woman's Orchestra' par excellence, it is sufficient to say, that with the same perfect ensemble, and the same corps of great instrumentalists which has forced their organization into recognition as the first of the kind in the world, augmented by popular soloists, they are enabled to charm, entertain and instruct their many patrons beyond all precedent or comparison, with programmes of both classical and popular selections, most happily arranged."

BELL COMPANY BUYS RIVAL.

Independent Telephone Company at Toledo Sold.

Toledo, O., Jan. 11.—The Central Union Telephone Company yesterday purchased the property of the new Harrison Telephone Company, the only independent company now in operation in this city. The consideration is not given out but it is believed to be about \$100,000. The subscribers will at once be transferred to the Bell lines. The company has been owned by a number of Bowling Green capitalists.

It pays to try our want columns.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The Annual Meeting Held Thursday Evening.

THE OLD OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

Two Prominent Manufacturing

Concerns Ask for Information Looking to a Possible Location in Massillon—The Board's Annual Banquet to be Given Jan. 29—Reports of Treasurer and Secretary.

The annual meeting of the board of trade was held in the Union National bank, Thursday evening, with twenty members present. A communication from Robert Weigel, of Kane, Pa., representing the Kane Window Glass Company, was read. The company asks what terms and what bonus the local board of trade would offer as an inducement for the removal of the plant to this city. It also asks for information concerning facilities for securing coal and said. The matter was referred to the committee on new enterprises.

A concern manufacturing flint glassware, whose name and present location was not given for publication, also asks the board what inducements it has to offer for the removal of the plant to Massillon, and asks for information concerning material used in the manufacture of glassware. The committee on new enterprises will ascertain what bonus the company expects.

A letter was read from the secretary of the state board of commerce thanking the local organization for its support and cooperation in securing the enactment of laws in the interest of industrial and commercial enterprises.

To conform with a custom followed for several years it was decided to again give a banquet. President Ricks appointed the following committee to arrange for the time and place for the entertainment and to make all other arrangements: H. C. Brown, Mayor Wise, L. A. Koons, Felix Shepley, John E. Johns, C. A. Gates, and W. H. Harris. The first five were on the committee for the same purpose last year. The banquet will be held during the last week in January, probably Wednesday, Jan. 29. Some prominent speaker from abroad will be secured to make the principal address.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, W. F. Ricks; first vice president, C. A. Gates; second vice president, Felix R. Shepley; treasurer, J. H. Hunt; secretary E. A. Jones; directors, F. H. Snyder, Daniel Hemperly, Dr. T. J. Reed, G. L. Albrecht, J. C. Corns, H. C. Brown, W. B. Humberger, David Reed, John Silk, H. C. Dielhenn, J. W. Foltz and J. C. F. Putman.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

The treasurer's report was as follows: \$248.18 in the treasury at the present time; \$165 uncollected subscriptions; \$343 pledged to new enterprises inaugurated within the year yet unpaid.

THE SECRETARY'S REPORT.

In accordance with the rules of the board I submit herewith my eleventh annual report as secretary:

The board was reorganized Jan. 3, 1901, and the following officers were elected: President, William F. Ricks; first vice president, Charles A. Gates; second vice president, Felix R. Shepley; treasurer, Jas. H. Hunt; secretary, Edmund A. Jones.

Board of Directors—Fred H. Snyder, William B. Humberger, Daniel Hemperly, David Reed, Dr. T. J. Reed, John Silk, G. Louis Albrecht, Henry C. Dielhenn, James C. Corns, Jacob W. Foltz, Horace C. Brown, J. C. F. Putman.

MEMBERSHIP.

In the early part of the year the membership fee was reduced from \$5 to \$3. It was hoped that by this reduction of the annual dues a larger number of members would be secured and it was thought that a sufficient sum of money would still be received from this source to meet all the current expenses of the board.

The paid membership for 1900 was sixty-one and the amount paid into the treasury from annual dues was \$305. The number of paid members for the past year was eighty-seven and the sum of \$261 was collected and turned over to the treasurer.

This large increase in the number of members is certainly a desirable feature. A little effort no doubt would

raise the membership to one hundred. With this number the amount received from annual dues at the reduced rate of \$3, if not diverted to other uses, would be sufficient to meet all the necessary expenses of the board and provide for an annual social gathering of all the members and a banquet without additional assessment.

During the past year there has been no decrease in the membership by reason of death. We have been especially fortunate in that for the past three years no deaths have occurred among the members.

MEETINGS.

Nine regular monthly meetings of the board of trade were held during the year with an average attendance of ten members. There have been six meetings of the executive committee, three of which were called for special purposes.

No meetings were held in July, August and November.

The idea seems to be prevalent among the members that these monthly meetings are intended only for the executive committee. Such, however, is not the case. The by-laws provide that regular meetings of the association shall be held on the first Thursday of each month at 7:30 p. m. These meetings are intended for all who belong to the association.

It is the privilege of every member to submit for consideration and action any matter in which he may be interested and which he may think will be of advantage to the business interests of the city or tend in any way to promote its welfare.

An average attendance at these monthly meetings of 25 or 30 of the leading business and professional men of the city would greatly increase the influence of the board of trade and aid in securing important results.

BANQUET.

On the evening of January 31st a banquet was held by the board of trade at the Hotel Conrad in celebration of the eleventh anniversary of its organization.

Twelve officials of the Canton board of trade were present and fifty-one occupied seats at the tables. A delightful social evening was enjoyed by all who attended. President Ricks officiated as toastmaster and addresses were made by President Charles R. Miller, the Hon. C. C. Roy and the Hon. William A. Lynch, of the Canton board, and Mr. Horace Brown and the secretary of the Massillon board. It was on this occasion that the idea was suggested by Mr. Lynch of a boulevard between the two cities that should be 125 feet in width with the interurban tracks in the center, a fine driveway and sidewalks on each side, with double rows of shade trees, and the entire distance to be brilliantly lighted by electricity.

Recently committees from the two boards have been appointed to jointly investigate the matter and make such suggestions as in their judgment may seem best.

WORK OF THE BOARD.

In my report of one year ago I gave a review of the work of the board for the first ten years of its history, specifying the institutions and industries secured through its agency. In connection therewith the following statement was made:

"The various industries secured during these years have more than fulfilled their promises and all of them are now in a prosperous condition." This can be repeated at the present time with added emphasis. The year just closed has been one of great prosperity for all of our industries. Shops have been running full time and with their full quota of workmen. In many cases there has been a large increase in the working force. Good wages have been paid and there has been little if any difficulty in disposing of the manufactured product. The orders already booked and the steadily increasing demand for American products in every line seem to afford a promising outlook for the coming year.

Early in March a soliciting committee was appointed for the purpose of raising by popular subscription the sum of \$7,000 to be used in securing the Rhodes Glass Bottle Company, the Dauntless Burner Company, and in retaining the flour mill operated by Mr. M. Neal. This mill had been destroyed by fire only a short time before, involving a large loss which was only partially covered by insurance. The parties interested proposed to build a larger and more complete mill in all its appointments and they were willing to remain here for a much smaller consideration than they were offered elsewhere.

As a result of the earnest and persistent efforts of the committee the sum of \$5,000 was secured. This amount was distributed among the industries just named, including \$200 to the Wetter Sand Company.

All of these plants are now well established and in each case the promises made to the board of trade have been more than fulfilled, both in the

matter of capital invested and in the amount of monthly wages paid.

In the past year the long promised extension of the electric line to Navarre was completed and the good results are already manifest. It is hoped that in the near future other electric lines will be constructed and the town and villages on the north and west will be brought into closer connection with our city. As far as possible the influence of the board of trade should be exerted to this end.

During the year the board has continued its membership in the Ohio state board of commerce, and in this way has united with other similar organizations in promoting such measures of a state and national character as seemed to be for the best interests of all, and in opposing unwise legislation.

Several propositions have been received by the board during the past year and they have been carefully considered by the committee on new enterprises.

Some of the propositions were from large and successful concerns wishing to enlarge their plants and to secure cheaper fuel and better railroad facilities. It was found, however, upon careful investigation that the amount required in the way of land and money was more than the city could safely give.

In other cases parties desired a change of location and they seemed willing to go wherever the largest bonus could be obtained. Communications of this character received but little attention. It has always been the policy of the board to require such an investment of capital and payment of monthly wages as would bring a good return to the city for any assistance rendered.

Within the past few days a communication has been received in reference to the location of a window glass factory, and the matter is now being investigated by the board.

It should be remembered, however, that the work of the board of trade does not consist chiefly in securing new industries for the city. It covers a much broader field. Our constitution says:

"The objects of the board of trade of Massillon are to collect, preserve and circulate valuable and useful information relating to the business of Massillon, and especially the facts relating to its manufacturing and mercantile interests; to encourage wise and useful legislation, and to oppose the enactment of laws likely to be prejudicial to our interests; to study the workings of our system of transportation upon which our commercial prosperity largely depends and endeavor to remedy, by all proper means, the defects and abuses existing therein to facilitate the adjustment of differences and misunderstandings between its members and others, and to strive, in all ways, to promote the mercantile, manufacturing, commercial and other industrial interests of this city."

For the attainment of these objects provision is made in the by-laws for the appointment of a dozen or more committees covering all the varied interests of the city. It is further provided that all committees shall make annual reports in writing in behalf of the interests they respectively represent, and shall, during the year, submit such reports and suggestions thereon as they may deem advisable. In this way every member of the board of trade is given something to do. While, perhaps, it may be too much to expect that this feature of the work will be carried out to the letter, it is nevertheless true that much can be done through these committees to advance the interests of the city. One of the first committees named is that on public improvements. If the committee having this matter in charge would give the subject wise thought and careful consideration, how much might be accomplished in a few years, through its suggestions and recommendations, in the way of beautifying and improving the city.

So too in reference to railroads and transportation. Many complaints have been made in the past by some of our shippers by reason of the difficulties experienced in securing proper switching facilities between competing roads. Is it not possible that the committee on railroads and transportation, through a conference of interested parties, or by legislation, or in some other way, may secure a removal of these difficulties and thus greatly benefit our manufacturers?

These suggestions are made in the hope that it may be more clearly seen that the work of the board of trade does not devolve entirely upon the executive committee and the committee on new enterprises, but there is something for all to do.

The best interests of the city and the highest success of the board require the personal interest and active support of every member.

Respectfully submitted,
E. A. JONES, Sec'y.

HOSPITAL NEEDS.

Appropriations Asked for Various Improvements.

MORE LAND AND NEW BUILDINGS

Representatives Metzgar and Pollock Confer with Superintendent Eyman and Will Endeavor to Secure the Necessary Appropriations—Arrangements for Entertainment by the Hospital Dramatic Club.

As the time for the active sessions of the general assembly draws near, those concerned are considering what appropriation will be made for the construction of new buildings and for general improvements for the Massillon hospital. Representatives C. W. Metzgar and R. A. Pollock have recently conferred with Superintendent Eyman and have learned what the institution needs and will use their influence to secure the amount asked by the board of trustees. The appropriation bill will be framed by the finance committee of the House. The board asks, for current expenses, and for the construction of new buildings and general improvement, \$223,300 for 1902, and \$360,200 for 1903. During the present year it is proposed to erect an infirmary building and two cottages. Although the entire amount asked by the board may not be granted, it is certain that an amount sufficient to insure the erection of all the buildings except the hospital building will be secured.

The annual report of the board of trustees to the governor, lately issued, concerning the erection of new buildings, says: "It may be safely left to the humanity and good judgment of the general assembly to determine the amount to be expended in the erection of new buildings. The necessity is too well known to require argument. Eight hundred of our insane population, aside from epileptics, are yet without homes, save in prisons and reformatories. The declared policy of the state is to provide for them in the state institutions, and the law requires this to be done by June, 1903."

In the estimate for 1902 is the amount mentioned, \$17,000, for the purchase of land. This is for the purchase of a tract of eighty-five acres lying along the north side of the present farm and contains all the land between it and the cemetery. The board says that this tract is now on the market and will be sold at an early day by the present holders with a view to subdivision into building lots and that this would bring an undesirable population too near the institution. It says that the present farm is no longer productive and is exhausted by continuous farming; that there is not now sufficient farming land to furnish necessary employment for the labor at hand when the work of grading, making roads, etc., is done. This tract was originally a part of the farm purchased in 1892, a part of the present hospital farm being taken by the state and this tract by a syndicate of citizens of Massillon.

If the infirmary building, hospital building and the five cottages asked for, be erected within the next two years, there will yet remain to be erected but two cottages to complete the full plans of the institution as far as buildings are concerned. When fully completed, according to the present plans, the institution will be able to care for 1,727 patients. Its present capacity is 927. When completed it will have cost \$1,050,000. There has already been expended \$720,000. The per capita cost of construction will be \$395.

The dramatic club has been fully organized and arrangements are being made for several entertainments. The first will be given in about three weeks when the dramas, "The Gilded Brick," and "Jumbo Jim," will be played. The cast of characters has been filled by the officials, employees and patients. Later in the winter the drama, "A Father's Son," will be given.

H. Haerlin, landscape engineer, has returned from a three weeks' vacation spent in Cincinnati.

Miss Jennie Lucas, a nurse in the infirmary, and Miss Cornell, a ward nurse, have resigned their positions.

For Pneumonia.

Dr. C. J. Bishop, Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia, with good results in every case." Beware of substitutes. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
20 N. Erie Street, - MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
CITY TELEPHONE NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Baum-
gardner's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),
and Bert Hankin's News stand in
North Mill street

MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1902

The old liberty bell received plenty of attention on its way from Philadelphia to the Charleston exposition. The people of the South are one with those of the North in their devotion to the principle which the relic represents.

A bill introduced in the New York legislature to prevent the cruel slaughter of trapped pigeons will probably be passed this year. Hitherto its failure to become a law has been due to the intrigues of certain discredited Tammany schemers. The reasons for the passage of this act are plain. The same law should stand upon the statute books of every state in the union. Discussing the measure the New York Tribune says: "Clay pigeons can be used as well as live birds in the traps to decide comparative skill in shooting on the wing, and if the clay counterfeits take the places of the cooing doves, 'sport' is not dishonored, or even dulled, while no taint of bloodshed and inhumanity marks the scene. The shooting of wild game is a different thing from the butchery of trapped flutterers. The grouse, the quail and other wild birds are at freedom when the sportsman goes in pursuit of them. Those feathered creatures are so wary and alert, cunning and swift of flight, that they often baffle the skill of hunters and go scot free. They have a chance for life. Not so with the trembling victim in the trap. It is not a mainly recreation to shoot trapped birds by the scores in matches and handicaps, and the legislature should abolish this barbarity."

One feature of Secretary Gage's recent report should not be overlooked. In regard to the public debt he says: On April 1, 1898, the interest bearing debt of the United States was \$347,366,680. Incidental to the war with Spain the debt was increased, so that on November 1, 1899, its highest point, the amount stood at \$1,046,049,020. Two years later, on November 15, 1901, the debt stood at \$95,027,150, showing a reduction of \$92,021,870.

This statement covers only the face amount of the debt. Interest is as much a part of the debt as is the principal, and this feature of the debt has been anticipated and paid to an amount nearly as great as has been the reduction of the principal. By the application of \$43,582,004 of the public moneys, interest to the amount of \$54,548,424, which would otherwise have been a charge against the treasury during the next seven years, has been paid, so that, broadly speaking, the public debt within two years has been reduced by the sum of \$146,570,294.

This by no means tells the whole story. The cash fund in the treasury has risen from \$226,166,944 on April 1, 1898, to \$322,514,732 at the close of business Nov. 15, 1901. In a single year the annual interest charge has been reduced from \$10,347,884 to \$3,471,228, and yet Mr. Cleveland in times of peace, but also of free trade, had to borrow \$262,000,000, and the bonds he sold bore 4 per cent and 5 per cent interest. During the past year or two much of our debt has been refunded on a 2 per cent basis, and today Uncle Sam's credit is such that he could borrow a billion at 2 per cent. Meanwhile the people of the United States have a credit in the national banks of over \$3,000,000,000, and in the savings banks there are deposits of \$2,500,000,000 more. These are remarkable figures. They seem to show that free trade is a debt maker and protection a debt payer.

LEADS ALL NATIONS.

The London Daily Mail year book for the year 1902, under the head of "Wealth" places the United States first in the list of nations, the figures being: United States, \$16,350,000,000; United Kingdom, \$11,806,000,000; France, \$9,690,000,000; Germany, \$8,052,000,000; and Russia, \$6,455,000,000. The United States shows the smallest national indebtedness, the figures being: United States, \$221,000,000; Germany, \$651,000,000; United Kingdom, \$706,000,000; Russia, \$711,000,000; France, \$129,000,000.

The percentage of debt to wealth is given as: United States, 1.4 per cent; United Kingdom, 6 per cent; Germany, 8.1 per cent; Russia, 11.1 per cent; France, 1.8 per cent.

Under the head of "Commercial Competition," it says that "the first year of the twentieth century opened badly for two of the four leading industrial nations. The trade of the United States showed no decline

from the booming period of 1899 and 1900, but in most industries a continuance of the boom, and France, which had responded less expansively to the boom, remained unaffected by the decline and progress elsewhere. In England and Germany the decline was felt acutely."

Under the head of "Fight for the Iron Trade," it calls attention to the fact that the United States is now the world's largest producer of pig iron and steel, and says: "It will be noted that the United Kingdom has lost ground, producing 39,749 tons less in 1900 than in 1899, the total for Great Britain being 5,000,000 tons less than in America. An unsatisfactory feature in the British iron and steel trade is that in 1900 we imported more iron and steel than in any previous year, and exported less, while the United States exported more than ever." The following figures accompanying this statement show the pig iron production of 1900 to be: United States, 13,789,342 tons; United Kingdom, 8,908,570 tons; Germany, 5,494,852 tons; France 2,639,494 tons; Russia, 2,821,000 tons, and of steel: United States, 10,087,322 tons; Great Britain, 4,901,054 tons; Germany, 4,799,000 tons; France, 1,654,046 tons, and Russia, 1,494,000 tons.

YOUNG MEN IN THE UNITED STATES.

An interesting statistical study of the conditions prevailing among American young men between the ages of sixteen and thirty-five, inclusive, has recently been made. The method adopted was to select certain representative cities, towns, and rural districts in different parts of the country, and in average blocks of representative city wards, to make a house-to-house canvass. Uniform question blanks were used, and in this way much important information was secured. Taking as a basis for his computations figures furnished by Chief Statistician Hunt of the census bureau, C. C. Michener presents in a recent issue of Association Men, the following data:

"Sixty-six per cent of the young men of the United States are unmarried, while 34 per cent are married. The average age at which these young men married was twenty-five years. "Fifty-five per cent of the young men of the United States live at home, while 45 per cent are boarding. "Only 15 per cent of the young men are in business for themselves, while 85 per cent are employed by others. "Twenty-two per cent of young men belong to fraternal orders. Of this number, 70 per cent belong to one fraternal order, 24 per cent belong to two, 2 per cent belong to three, 3 per cent belong to four, and 1 per cent belong to five. Of the men belonging to fraternal orders 67 per cent are church members, while 33 per cent are not church members.

"Forty-six per cent of the men in the cities of 3,000 or over were born in the country or in towns of 3,000 or less. Three out of seven young men in the country and towns of 3,000 or less look forward to living in the city. Of the population in towns of 3,000 or less, one in seven is a young man. Of the population in cities of 25,000 and over, one in four is a young man. "In the country, one young man is boarding to every six living at home. In the city, five young men are boarding to every one living at home. "In the country, one in two young men go to church regularly; one in three occasionally, and one in fourteen not at all. In the city, one in four regularly; one in two occasionally, and one in seven not at all."

La Grippe coughs often continue for months and sometimes lead to fatal results after the patient is supposed to have passed the danger point. Foley's Honey and Tar affords positive protection and security from these coughs. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

Frank Treadwell, Bennett, Ill., was troubled with kidney disease for two years. He writes: "I had taken several kinds of kidney remedies, but with little benefit. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and a one dollar bottle cured me. For sale by Rider & Snyder."

Chapped hands, cracked lips and roughness of the skin cured quickly by Banner Salve, the most healing ointment in the world. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

If Banner Salve Doesn't cure your piles, your money will be returned. It is the most healing medicine. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

You should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is absolutely the best for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Dealers are authorized to guarantee it to give satisfaction. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. Noneed to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

W. L. Yancy, Paducah, Ky., writes: "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians in southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave me immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy." Take no substitute. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

Read the "want" column daily

NEW RULES POSTED.

Many Changes on Street
Car Lines.

NO MORE ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

Six Tickets for Twenty-five
Cents to Passengers on Inter-
Urban Between Massillon and
Canton—Employees Not Al-
lowed to Enter Saloons While
on Duty.

Canton, Jan. 8.—A score or more of type-written orders are posted on the walls of the street car men's waiting room at the Tascarawas street car barns. Conspicuous among them are several with reference to the taking up of passes and pass-books by conductors, according to the new rule. The orders are substantially as follows:

All car men reported going into saloons while on duty will be discharged.

At 9:30 p. m. each day every conductor is expected to turn in the cash for the day's run at the Canton office of the company.

Unless the car is very much crowded no one outside of the employees and officials are allowed to ride on the front platform of the cars.

Each car man must provide himself with a reliable watch and keep it properly set and going at standard time, that the cars may be run on the new schedule.

Conductors are requested to notify passengers who are in the habit of boarding cars in the middle of blocks that the practice is no longer allowed. Conductors are requested to call out the street intersections on all lines.

Motormen are requested to report at the barns ten minutes before schedule time for the cars to leave the barn. The order states that they are to spend this period in examining their cars to see that they are in readiness for a prompt run. All relief motormen are also asked to report for duty at the same time.

Conductors are asked to cease the sale of round trip coupon tickets on the interurban cars, and in place of the same sell six city tickets for 25 cents, three to be taken up each way, or one each on a single run between the intermediate points, one from Canton to Borden's, one from there to Freeman's crossing, and one from there to Massillon public square, and vice versa on the return trip. The cash fare for a single trip remains the same, and ten cents for children. To the latter are sold for a round trip four city tickets, two to be used each way on a broken run, one ticket is to be collected at the half way points. Children between 5 and 12 years of age pay 5 cents, or one ticket to half way points on single runs, and children under 5 ride free when in charge of a competent person. Conductors in charge of interurban cars are asked to take on passengers who board these cars inside of the city limits and transfers will be issued for the other lines.

All motormen and conductors are requested to supply themselves with two or three copies of accident blanks furnished by the company, to be carried at all times when on duty, and used in every case of accident or injury to either the company's property or to that of outsiders. The blanks are to be filled out with the names and addresses of the injured persons or their injured property, and the names and addresses of all witnesses as far as possible, the more the better. The blanks are to be taken to the local office at the end of the day's run.

To interurban cars is reserved the right of way on the West Tascarawas line, east, when the last run is being made at night, or at any other time, and no city cars are to interfere with their passage through the square.

M'KINLEY'S BIRTHDAY.

People of All the States Asked
to Celebrate Jan. 29th.

Canton, Jan. 7.—On Monday Governor Nash, as chairman of the Ohio Auxiliary of the McKinley National Memorial Association, sent telegrams to the governors of every state and territory in the union, requesting that each issue an appeal to the citizens of his state or territory to set aside January 29, McKinley's birthday, as "McKinley Day." Following the telegram of Governor Nash one was sent by Judge William R. Day, president of the National Association, endorsing the plan and requesting that the late President McKinley's birthday be recognized in the schools and churches by special exercises.

N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: "My daughter had a severe attack of grippe and a terrible cough settled on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since." For sale by Rider & Snyder.

How the...
BRITISH
Parliament
OPENS

The session of the British parliament which opens Jan. 16 promises to be a most interesting and exciting one. It is called upon to face a serious situation of public affairs in England, and all classes are interested and anxious as to what measures will be adopted. Great Britain's three years of warfare in South Africa have absorbed a stupendous sum of money, and a great deal more is being added every week. Taxes are very high, the necessities of life are at the top notch,



LORD ROSEBERY.

and the entire working class are wondering how they are going to make both ends meet.

The opening of a session of the American congress is attended with little or no formality, and anything like ceremony is dispensed with. The opening of the British parliament, however, is a most brilliant and impressive spectacle, and the ceremony is stately and interesting. Officially it commences at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, but unofficially it begins at midnight. Of the 670 gentlemen elected to serve in the house of commons any one of them can at any moment after 12 take his seat, and seats are secured as early as possible owing to the fact that there are only enough seats for about two-thirds of the members.

A member secures his seat by placing his hat upon it; but, according to the rules of the house, it must be his real working hat and not a colorless substitute. This means that if a member were to bring a second hat with him and were to leave the house for a walk in the street he would forfeit all right to the seat on which he had placed the other hat. Members must, therefore, stay about the precincts of the house, no matter how early they may have made their appearance. But this they can do very comfortably, having at Westminster all the advantages of a first class club, dining rooms, tearooms, smoking rooms, library, bathrooms and a large staff of attendants.

Remembering how long the house of commons has existed and the part it has had to play in national affairs, there need be no surprise perhaps that quaint rules and old world traditions should be so inextricably mixed in its affairs. Parliament is summoned in the name of the sovereign, but really by the cabinet. A proclamation signed by the king is published calling together the lords and the representatives of the people for the transaction of divers urgent and important business on a certain day. Tuesday or Thursday is usually chosen, and 2 o'clock is the hour fixed for the opening ceremony.

The extensive cellars beneath the houses of parliament are always



THRONE CHAIRS, HOUSE OF LORDS

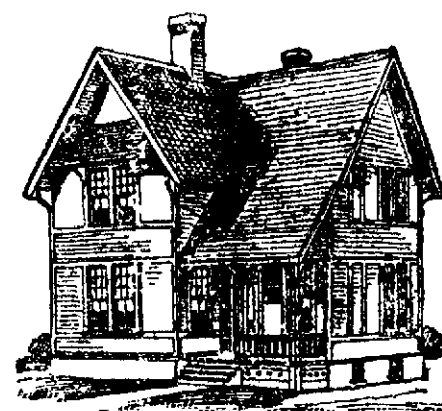
searched in the morning that parliament opens. This is done by a number of yeomen of the guards or the guards of the Tower of London, clad in quaint and picturesque uniforms. This searching of the cellars originated after the attempt of Guy Fawkes to blow up

A NEAT DESIGN.

Comfortable Cottage With Many Excellent Points. Costing but \$12,000.

Here is an attractive design intended to give ample accommodation at a low cost for an ordinary family.

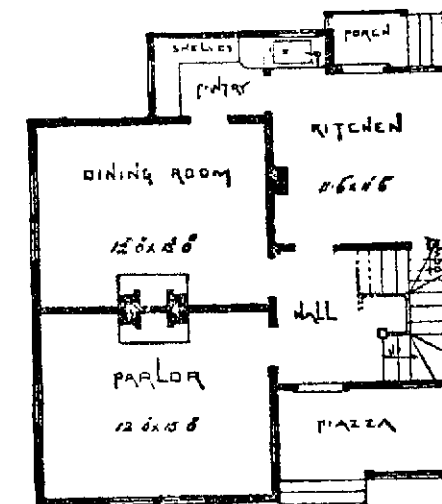
The cellar is placed under the kitchen and hall, which was thought in this instance to be sufficient to meet all requirements, though it is generally considered, in the eastern states at least, to be poor economy not to have a cellar under the whole house, as it only requires about one foot in depth of additional stonework to secure a cellar, it being necessary to put



PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

down the stonework, in any case, so that it will be beyond the reach of frost. The kitchen is without a fireplace, the cooking to be done by a stove, which, if properly contrived, is a very effective ventilator and preferred by many housekeepers for all kitchen purposes.

The parlor and dining room, or general living room, are provided with the healthy luxury of an open fireplace. We know of no more elegant, cleanly and effective contrivance for this purpose than the one adopted in this instance. It is built of buff brick, with molded jambs and segment arch, in which a basket grate or fire dogs can be placed for the desired fire, and in this way large rooms are kept perfectly comfortable in cold weather without heat from any other source. These fireplaces are also provided with neat mantels of ash, which are elegant

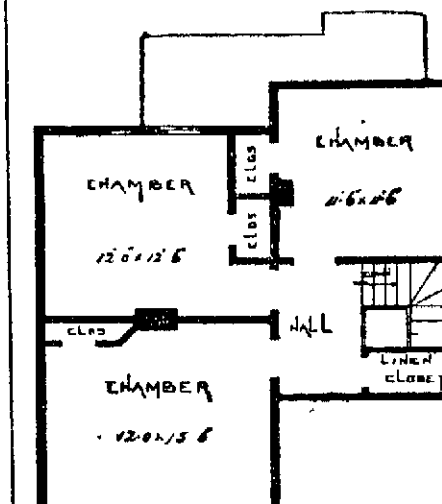


FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

compared with a marbleized slate mantel, which is a sham and repulsive to an educated taste.

On entering nearly every house in the land we find the same turned walnut post at the bottom of the stairs, with tapering walnut sticks all the way up, surmounted with a flattened walnut rail having a shepherd's crook at the top. However, in this instance it is not so, but the staircase is surmounted with an ash rail, balusters and newel of simple though unique design, and now that people are giving more attention to this important piece of furniture we may look for a change in this respect.

The house is supplied with a cistern constructed with great care, the kitchen sink being supplied with water by a



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

pump, and there is no more easy method of procuring good water for all purposes of the household.

For a compact, convenient cottage, with every facility for doing the work with the least number of steps, for a low priced elegant cottage, we do not know of anything that surpasses this. Such a house as this, if tastefully furnished and embellished with suitable surroundings, as neat and well kept grounds, flowers, etc., will always attract more attention than the uninviting, ill designed buildings, no matter how much money may have been expended on them.

It is not necessary that artistic feeling should have always a large field for its display, and in the lesser works and smaller commissions as much art may find expression as in the costly facades and more pretentious structures.

How to Varnish Floors.

There is a great variety of varnishes on the market today, and one must be sure to get an interior finish varnish for anything that is to be done in the house. In preparing a floor, piece of furniture or other woodwork for finishing the surface must be thoroughly cleaned and smoothed off. Any roughness or pencil marks can be removed with a little sandpaper. Oak, ash, chestnut, mahogany or any of the coarse and open grained woods must be covered with a coat of some good paste filler. Formerly shellac was used for this purpose, but shellac is expensive and no better than ready mixed fillers. This filler is usually colorless, but it can be obtained to match any natural wood, or coloring matter may be added. The forest green oak, so popular just now, is obtained by mixing the coloring matter, obtained at any paint store, with the liquid filler until the right tint is produced. The filler should be mixed with turpentine until it is of the right consistency and then applied with a brush.

In from one to two hours after the application the surface should be wiped off with tow, and 24 hours later the hardener filler should be rubbed down smooth with sandpaper. This makes a perfectly smooth surface, with all the pores filled, and after dusting it is ready for the first coat of varnish.

M'KINLEY DAY, JAN. 29

Probably Will Be Observed In Every State and Territory In the Union.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO MEMORIALS.

The U. S. Steel Employees at Youngstown Are Adding to Fund—National House Passed Bill Giving Mrs. McKinley Free Mail Privilege.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 11.—There is every evidence that McKinley day, January 29, will be remembered in every State and Territory of the Union. Information received at the National headquarters of the McKinley National Memorial association is that the several Governors are earnestly in sympathy with the proposal made by Governor Nash and Judge Day to set apart by proclamation McKinley's birthday as a day of offering to the memorial fund.

TO GRANT MRS. M'KINLEY THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The bill granting Mrs. McKinley the franking privilege during the remainder of her life was unanimously passed by the House.

PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU.

House Considered a Bill For One. Motion to Recommend Carried.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The House spent yesterday considering the Hopkins bill to create a permanent census bureau. While the general sentiment was in favor of a permanent bureau there was strong opposition to the bill as drawn, on the ground that it was not well matured. There was also an overwhelming demand for a provision to place the present employees of the census bureau under the protection of the civil service law, and the bill finally was recommitted with instructions to report back a bill containing a plan for a detailed organization of a permanent census bureau to include also a provision to place the present employees under the civil service. The fight to recommit was made under the leadership of Mr. Burkett, of Nebraska, the new member of the appropriation committee.

The bill was then opened to amendment, and Mr. Hemenway (Ind.), offered an amendment to provide that persons now employed in the census bureau, not including janitors, shall be eligible to appointment in other departments without examination or qualification by the civil service commission upon the recommendation of the head of such department.

Mr. Mann (Ill.), opposed the amendment because it placed no time limit upon the eligibility of employees. The Hemenway amendment was adopted without division.

Mr. Burkett then moved that the bill be reported to the House with the recommendation that it be recommitted with instructions to report back as a substitute a bill providing for the detailed organization of a permanent census bureau, and with a provision therein to place the present employees of the bureau within the classified service.

Mr. Hopkins attempted to secure the ayes and noes on the motion to recommit, but only 38 members seconded his demand—not a sufficient number. The motion to recommit was carried.

MARCHED ACROSS SAMAR.

Expedition Under Waller, of Marine Corps, Accomplished.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The navy department yesterday received the



MAJOR WALLER. Following cablegram from Rear Admiral Rodgers, at Cavite: "Waller reports having completed ten days' march across Samar from Lanaug to Bahey. Column endured great hardships. Killed 13 insurgents, captured captain, lieutenant and four men."

FOR CHILDREN'S M'KINLEY DAY IN MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—In response to the action taken by Governor Nash and the McKinley Memorial commission, Governor Van Sant issued a proclamation setting aside Jan. 29 as Children's McKinley day.

DULLNESS THE CHARACTERISTIC

Of the Stock Market, Friday—Some of the Features of the Operations.

New York, Jan. 11.—The condition of neglect and professionalism into which the stock market is falling became more evident yesterday, not only in the smaller volume of the trading but in the eccentric fluctuations of prices. The net changes in the majority of the list will be found narrow, but the day's range was considerable, and the changes constant and various. The rule of operation has fallen back to the professional room trader's basis of selling on advances and buying on slight recessions. The speculation continued quite active in Sugar and Manhattan, but even in these the characteristics were professional. In Sugar attempts were made to lift the stock on the assumption that Cuban duties would be remitted. Manhattan was affected by realizing, but was lifted at one time a point over Thursday. Generally speaking, the characteristic of the market was dullness, due to the lack of outside interest and the discontinuance of operations by the larger speculative interest. The tone leaned towards depression, as the lack of demand made the market vulnerable to even light selling pressure. The abandonment of the bull campaign in United States Steel and the desire to await a better defined status for the Northern Securities company were general considerations detracting from speculative interest.

The announcement of the suspension of a trust and savings institution in Cleveland was regarded as an episode, unimportant in its immediate results, but with a rather sinister significance in its possible ulterior bearings. The suspension was associated in the Wall Street mind with the difficulties of the Everett-Moore syndicate, which have been a rather depressing circumstance in the Wall Street back ground for some time past. The feeling in favor of conservatism in the extension of both credits and speculative ventures was strengthened by this event. There has been an extensive speculation in Delaware & Hudson on a confident assumption that the dividend on the stock was to be increased. This assumption was strengthened by the action of the New Jersey Central directors in jumping their dividend rate from 5 to 8 per cent. The action of the Delaware & Hudson directors yesterday in limiting the distribution of last year's profits to 7 per cent, to be disbursed quarterly, was therefore a keen disappointment, as it represented no better return than that of last year. The stock was sold heavily, causing a break of 6 points, with an influence on the whole market. The unchanged dividend on Louisville & Nashville was also a disappointment, though in a much less degree. The market failed entirely to respond to the promise of a favorable bank statement to-day as indicated by net receipts from the interior by the banks of over \$7,000,000, supplemented by a gain from the sub-treasury of nearly half a million dollars. There is nothing apparent in the domestic horizon to explain this indifference and it is supposed to be due to the general expectation that exports of gold will begin next week.

The bond market was dull and rather irregular. Total sales, par value, \$2,815,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

TORPEDO FAILED TO EXPLODE.

Test Trip Through New York Central Tunnel by District Attorney Jerome and Others.

New York, Jan. 11.—District Attorney Jerome, State Railroad Commissioner Baker, Assistant District Attorney Garyan, and Superintendent Franklin, of the New York Central railroad, made a trip off inspection through the tunnel on a locomotive, with no car attached.

As the conclusion of the trip one of those participating said they had found the atmosphere clear most of the way, but at Ninety-sixth street they were enveloped in a cloud of smoke and steam so dense that nothing could be seen. On the return trip the tunnel was clear. At Sixty-third street the green light showed plainly, that being the cautionary signal before entering the block below, and the observation engine slowed up until the red danger light was seen at Fifty-ninth street. The bell rang, but the torpedo did not explode. The engine was stopped, and the railroad officials explained that the little mogul, or observation engine, was not heavy enough, nor its wheels large enough to explode the torpedo as a big locomotive would do.

The little engine was run out of the way and the larger engine was brought through the block. Again the torpedo failed to explode. Four more times the big locomotive was run through the block and not once did the torpedo explode. Three railroad officials explained this by saying that the mechanism throwing the torpedo into place had been pressed out of order so that the flange of the wheels had not touched the torpedo.

After the inspection of the tunnel District Attorney Jerome announced that he would not oppose an application for the release of Engineer Wischo on \$10,000 bail. This action, he said, was the result of investigation, which showed the authorities that a charge of murder in the first degree could not be made against the engineer. The charge that could be made, he explained, was manslaughter in the second degree.

AGREED TO EXTENSIONS FOR EVERETT-MOORE.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 11.—It was stated that unsecured creditors of the Everett-Moore syndicate, representing \$1,000,000 out of a total of \$1,000,000, have signed agreements to grant extensions covering a period of 15 months on their claims. The committee in charge of the affairs of the syndicate said that every creditor communicated with up to yesterday had agreed to take the desired extension.

ADVANCES IN WAGES

At Many Points, One Of the Good Features Of the Business Situation.

STRAIN ON TRANSPORTATION

Less Acute, Due to Ending of Holiday Business—Facilities More Nearly Adequate For Regular Requirements.

New York, Jan. 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, issued today, will say in part:

With the unprecedented holiday business ended, transporting facilities are more nearly adequate for regular requirements. Merchandise moves to consumers more promptly, and in the iron region there is less interruption to work because of insufficient fuel. Normal conditions have by no means returned, however, and it will be some time before shippers can safely guarantee deliveries on a specified date. Buying of staple commodities is on a large scale, fully sustaining quotations at a high level, except in the few instances where efforts were made to hold prices above the point warranted by the ratio of needs to supplies. Labor controversies are few and unimportant, while the new year has brought advances in the rate of wages at many points.

Effort to Meet Urgent Demands.

Holiday business inventories and annual overhauls were all cut down to the lowest possible limit at iron and steel plants in the effort to meet urgent demands from customers. Foundry work at the east is still scarce, high prices being quoted at Pittsburgh, and Chicago mills cannot secure material in desired quantities. Moderate imports have resulted from the domestic deficiency, but this will not become a factor of importance if the situation continues to improve at the present rate. Although railways largely augmented supplies of rolling stock during 1901, contracts for this year's delivery already aggregate many months' full capacity of shops, and in structural shapes there is no prospect of a surplus in the near future.

Jobbing trade in woollens gradually expands, new lines selling fairly at moderate advances over prices prevailing a year ago. Worsteds are scarce and firm. A further slight rise has occurred in the average of wool prices, and the tone is strong, but there is a tendency to await the London sale ten days hence before making further changes. Imports would be stimulated if this market were advanced much beyond the foreign parity.

Wheat Prices Stimulated.

Reports of unfavorable weather in winter wheat regions stimulated prices, and there was further support in the general resumption of activity at our mills together with added inquiry for foreign account. Total exports of wheat from the United States for the week, flour included, were 4,792,262 bushels, which fell short of the unusually free outgo of 5,159,735 bushels a year ago, but compare most satisfactorily considering the 10 per cent higher prices now prevailing. The combination of many supporting influences took quotations above the highest point last year. Corn was fairly well held in sympathy with wheat, but some soft spots developed as was natural in view of the fact that the price is now more than 50 per cent higher than a year ago, while Atlantic exports for the week were 212,741 bushels against 4,543,149 in 1900.

Failures for the week numbered 573 in the United States against 324 last year, and 27 in Canada against 37 last year.

COMPANIES MAY DISAGREE.

Glass Men Differ as to Method Determining Selling Agency Ratio.

Marion, Ind., Jan. 11.—Indiana window glass manufacturers went to Pittsburgh to attend the conference, which will be held between the officers of the American Window Glass company, the Independent Window Glass company and the federation of co-operatives, to engineer a joint agreement for the maintenance of prices and establishment of a joint selling agency. The contention that may result in disorganization is the basis on which the output of each can be pro-rated through the selling agency. The American company insists that the ratio be determined on the capacity of each. To this the federation and independent company object on the ground that the American would have the best of the situation.

INDICATIONS OF MURDER.

Farmer Missing, Near Youngstown, From Wagon—Traces of Blood.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 11.—An empty wagon, which had been driven by Elmer Harrison, a farmer, 35 years of age, was found on the Coltsville road, three miles east of here. The seat, lap robe and some empty bags were covered with blood, but no trace of the man could be found. Harrison had sold cattle to the amount of about \$50, and is said to have had \$300 more money in his possession. No trace of Harrison has so far been found, although the farmers have scoured the country thereabouts. The police are investigating the case.

MOTHER OF REV. DWIGHT HILLIS IS VERY ILL.

Woodbine, Iowa, Jan. 11.—The condition of Mrs. Hillis, mother of Rev. Dwight Hillis, of Brooklyn, who was recently attacked by a stroke of paralysis is critical, and her death is regarded as only a matter of a short while. Rev. Hillis, who was called here by the condition of his mother, has been obliged to return to Brooklyn.

HOCKING VALLEY MINES SOLD

Bought by Pittsburgh Coal Company. Others May Be Secured in Hocking and Sunday Creek.

Columbus, Jan. 11.—The Pittsburgh Coal company of Pennsylvania, closed a deal for the purchase of the properties belonging to the New Pittsburgh Coal company, whose main offices are in this city. Eight mines located in the Hocking valley and four company stores are included in the sale. The purchase price was not announced, but it was approximately \$1,000,000. The object of the Pittsburgh company in securing Hocking mines is to ship the coal to their recently acquired docks along the lakes and to the Northwest.

The New Pittsburgh company will retain its corporate powers and privileges. The management will remain the same for the present, at least. The Pittsburgh company is said to have options on other properties in the Hocking and Sunday Creek valleys, and it is further claimed that they are carrying on negotiations for purchase of a large number of mines in the two valleys mentioned. According to a report they are expected to expend in securing the properties between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000.

BAN LIFTED FROM CROWLEY.

He Celebrated Mass in Omaha Christmas Morning.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 11.—It was given out yesterday by Father A. M. Coleman, chancellor of Bishop Scannell's diocese, that the ban of excommunication has been lifted from Father J. J. Crowley, of Chicago. In making the announcement, the chancellor said:

"To the best of my knowledge the ban against Father Crowley was removed Christmas eve. On Christmas morning he celebrated mass in the chapel of the convent of the Poor Clares in this city, something he certainly could not have done had not the excommunication been set aside."

SAID NEELEY TOLD HIM RATHBONE ACQUIRED.

Havana, Jan. 11.—When the trials of the cases arising from the Cuban postoffice frauds were resumed in the Audiencia court yesterday, after having been adjourned Tuesday last on account of the illness of counsel for Charles F. W. Neeley, W. H. Reeves, one of the defendants, was again called to the stand, and testified regarding the stamp burning incident. He said the stamps were not counted, and that Neeley told him Estes G. Rathbone acquiesced in the wholesale matter.

Young to Be Examined for Promotion.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 11.—Lieut. Commander Lucien Young, who has been the guest of his brother here since he was relieved of duty as captain of the port of Havana, received notice to report in Washington to be examined for promotion to the rank of commander. He left for Washington.

SOME NEWS IN BRIEF.

John Maloney, Garrett, and Blanche Elizabeth Miller, of Greensburg, Wm. Albert Morgan, Manning, and Clara Guder, of Jacobs Creek, were Pennsylvania men married at Cumberland, Md.

The Hocking valley (Pa.) Iron and Nail company has announced that it will build an addition to its plant 100x200 feet, which will double its capacity.

The public schools of Antis township, Blair county, Pa., have been closed on account of smallpox.

While despondent, Enoch Simcox, a gardener, aged 42, of New Castle, Pa., cut his throat with a razor and died shortly afterwards.

W. J. Bryan will lecture in Altoona, Pa., this evening, January 15, and the lodge of Elks of that place will tender him a reception.

Smallpox has been discovered in several families in Oil City, Pa., and the board of health has directed that school children be vaccinated.

Charles H. Vernon and Marie D. Cutter, both of Pittsburg, and James G. Kraper and Elizabeth G. Steinbiller, both of McKeesport, were married at Youngstown, O., Thursday.

John Rosenwald, a peddler, was attacked by highwaymen near Greensburg, Pa., Wednesday night, who beat him into insensibility and robbed him of \$50 and the rest of his stock of goods.

Citizens of College Hill, Beaver county, Pa., petitioned to allow them to vote on consolidating with Beaver Falls. The borough council threw open their doors for the privilege of voting on the question at the coming election.

At Greensburg, Pa., the American Railway company lost the American Railway company's policy of Lexington, Ohio, and the company brought by Altoona, Pa., to recover the amount of the loss. The company was not an incorporated insurance company.

Twenty-five men employed at the American Steel and Wire company's mill at Salem, O., quit work because of the change to piece work, ordered by the management. The men say the change will reduce their wages 25 per cent.

The fish and ice houses of the Erie (Pa.) Fish Association, an opponent of the fish trust, were burned; loss, \$15,000.

A. Rowland, of the United States Coast artillery, and who enlisted at Pittsburg last September, is under arrest at Johnstown, Pa., charged with being a deserter from his command. He was stationed at Ft. Preble, Me., and left last month without permission.

John Gorr, of Erie, Pa., closed the damper of a coal stove on retreating and was suffocated by the gas which was generated. His wife narrowly escaped death.

Thomas Bridgett, aged 65 years, a well known citizen of Sharon, Pa., and a veteran of the civil war, was decapitated by a train near his home.

A passenger train on the Pennsylvania railroad struck and killed two Italian laborers near Johnstown, Thursday night.

The Lake Erie, Alliance & Wheeling Railroad company will build large repair shops at Minerva, O.

MILES FOR PRESIDENT

The General Said to Be Seeking Next Democratic Nomination.

SCHLEY OR DEWEY AS MATE.

Army Commander-in-Chief Thinks Rebuke From the President Has Aroused Powerful Sentiment in His Favor.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles is not at all worried over the harsh reprimand which he recently received at the hands of the President, for he believes that this reprimand has been a boomerang to the administration, and has aroused a powerful sentiment in his favor, and acting upon this belief he is now an open candidate for presidential honors. Since he was reprimanded by the President he has made no concealment of his intention to win the Democratic nomination two years hence.

It can be said on good authority that the decision of Admiral Schley to appeal his case to the President is a part of General Miles' programme to embarrass President Roosevelt.

It is the present programme of Miles and his friends to have either Admiral Schley or Admiral Dewey as the candidate for Vice President on the Miles ticket.

ENTHUSIASM FOR SCHLEY.

DELAYS PLAY IN THEATER.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 11.—Last evening Admiral and Mrs. Schley occupied a box at the theater, where



Mme. Nordica sang. As the audience recognized him there was an enthusiastic cheering, of such volume and persistence as temporarily to delay the performance. After an encore Mme. Nordica crossed to the box and shook hands with Admiral Schley, while the audience cheered.

RELEASED AND RE-ARRESTED.

"Kid" Hogan Must Finish on Blackwell's Island.

Columbus, Jan. 11.—Timothy alias "Kid" Hogan, a notorious mail boxer and forger, was released from the penitentiary and was arrested at the door. Hogan was received at the prison on June 9, 1899, from the United States court in this city, to serve two sentences of five years each, to run concurrently.

As the late Hogan was arrested he was wanted in nearly every city of importance in the United States, and rewards had been offered for his arrest, amounting to over \$4,000. He was also an escaped prisoner from Blackwell's Island, N. Y.

He still has four years and one month to serve in the island prison, and he will be taken back to serve that time. He refused to return without requisition papers.

VAN SANT CALLS EXTRA LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—Governor Van Sant yesterday announced that he would call an extra session of the legislature for the middle of February, probably about the 18th. While the session is called specifically to consider the report of the tax commission just made, it is considered likely that the recent railroad developments will come in for consideration.

CHARGES AGAINST STANDARD AND BRILLIANT OIL COMPANIES.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 11.—James E. Doyle, former local manager of the Standard oil company, and until lately identified with the Wilbur Oil works, of Cincinnati, filed suit against the Standard Oil company and the Brilliant Light Oil company, claiming \$25,000 and alleging a conspiracy to ruin his business and control the oil business in Lexington. False arrest twice and other charges were made.

Father of Dean McClintock Dead.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 11.—Alexander U. D. McClintock, aged 68 years, father of U. D. McClintock, dean of Chicago University, and who at one time was one of the most prominent breeders of Alderney stock in the entire South, called his wife to his side, and laying his head on her shoulder, died without uttering a word. He had complained of heart trouble the day before his death.

TWO HELD ON CHARGE OF MURDERING GIRL.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—At the inquest held over the body of Minnie Larsen, the young Swedish girl, whose body, with a stone tied about the neck was taken from the Chicago river, Louis Thomas, who was arrested several days ago and charged with the murder, was held to the grand jury as principal, and Robert Kessig, Thomas' accuser, was held as an accessory.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat.....	\$8
Loose hay, per ton.....	\$10-\$11
Baled hay.....	11-12
Straw, per ton.....	\$5-\$6 00
Corn.....	65-70
Oats.....	45-48
Clover Seed.....	5 00-5 25
Brass.....	1 15
Middlings.....	1 20
Timothy Seed.....	1 50-2 00
Rye, per bu.....	8
Barley.....	50
Flax seed.....	1 50
Wool.....	16-22

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel.....	50
Apples.....	75-1 00
Cabbage, doz.....	40
White beans.....	2 25

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter.....	22
Eggs (fresh).....	25
Live Spring Chickens, per lb.....	97
Chickens, dressed per lb.....	69 10
Turkeys, dressed, 12c Live.....	69

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham.....	11
Shoulder.....	18
Lard.....	10
Sides.....	16 to 17

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 10 years. S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

A Complete Stock of

NEW WALL PAPER

BENEDICT'S

New Store

McClymonds Block,

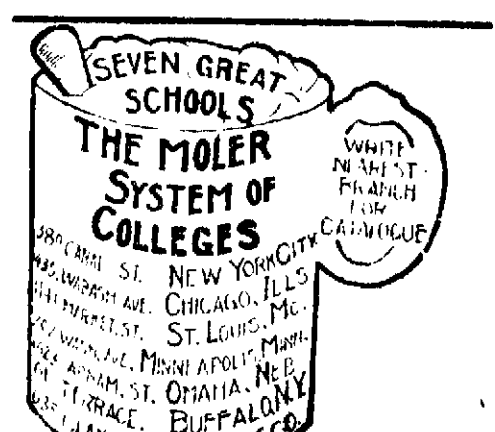
Cor. Erie & Tremont.

Massillon & Cleveland Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER: MASSILLON, O., Jan. 2, 1902.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this company for the election of directors and the transacting of any other business that may come before the meeting will be held at the general office of the Company in the Massillon Savings and Banking Company, in the City of Massillon, Ohio, on Tuesday, the fourth day of February, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.



LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Mary Lantz, of New Berlin, is the guest of her uncle, Benjamin Lantz, in Wooster street.

Akron citizens have agreed to contribute \$10,000 toward the establishment of a Young Men's Christian Association in that city.

The office building of the Spicer Manufacturing Company, at New Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire Friday morning, causing a loss of over \$500.

Dr. N. W. Culbertson, of this city, has been appointed surgeon for the Pennsylvania Railway Company, his division extending from Canton to North Lawrence.

Several farmers in the vicinity report that they have seen tracks of wild geese flying north. This is usually considered a sign that warm weather is at hand.

Miss Mabel R. Galt, a five-year-old girl, who has had her home with Riley Hox and wife, of West Liberty street, was adjudged insane Friday and taken to the Massillon hospital at noon. Her condition is said to be the result of over study.—Wooster Republican.

The concert given in the West Brookfield Lutheran church Friday evening was well attended and each number was heartily applauded. The programme consisted of vocal selections by Miss Flora Norman, of Zanesville; readings by Miss Carrie Thomas and piano solos by J. Warren Erb.

The Rev. Dr. L. H. Schuh, president of the Capital University, Columbus, will deliver his lecture, "How to Make Marriage a Success," at St. Paul's church, Friday evening, Jan. 17, and will preach on the Sunday following. Dr. Schuh comes to represent the above mentioned institution.

The Lawrence township board of education has authorized Joseph Eschliman, of North Lawrence, to confer with a committee of the Canal Fulton village board of education for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Pennsylvania and the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Companies are paying their full share of taxes.

J. Hahn, postmaster at Bayard, O., was fined \$200 and costs by United States Judge Wing, at Cleveland, yesterday. Hahn was charged with falsifying to the government reports of the business of his office, thereby increasing his salary. Besides paying the fine and costs Hahn had to pay back to the government the amounts which are alleged to have been obtained illegally.

Massillon council, Knights of Columbus, has arranged to have the Rev. Father Nugent, of Des Moines, Ia., deliver a lecture in the Armory, in this city, on the evening of February 7. Father Nugent will be favorably remembered by many as having been one of the lecturers of the Massillon course of 1900. His subject will be "Patriotism and Anarchy." Tickets, price 50 cents, are already on sale.

William Grove, charged with cruelty to a horse belonging to Liveryman William Bantz, and found guilty by a jury, was fined \$5 and costs by Mayor Wise, Friday evening. The costs amounted to \$62.50. The mayor made the fine light on the recommendation of the jury. Sentence, at the request of the defendant's lawyer, was suspended till Friday, as it was originally the intention to file a motion for a new trial.

Miss Lottie Butler and Orley Daily were married at noon, Thursday, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Logan Butler, near Mudbrook, by the Rev. J. Barthamas. Eighty guests witnessed the ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Odessa Butler, her sister. The groom's best man was his brother, Arthur Daily. The newly married couple left Thursday evening on a short wedding trip. On their return they will reside near Mudbrook.

At a meeting of the Massillon court, Independent Order of Foresters, Friday evening, the following officers were elected: Chief ranger, John H. Spuhler; vice chief ranger, John W. Myers; financial secretary, W. R. Lipps; recording secretary, L. W. Rauber; treasurer, G. C. Havenstake; chaplain, Adam Klein; senior woodward, Jacob Gravins; junior woodward, John Weaver; senior beadle, John Englehart; junior beadle, Henry Oldenbaum.

The farmers' institute for western Stark county will be held in the city Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 29 and 30. The speakers will be C. H. McCormick, of McCormick, Galia county; and Lowell Roubush, of Nicholasville, Clermont county. There will be three sessions on Wednesday and two, morning and afternoon, on Thursday. The institute will probably close with a social session Thursday evening when there will be music and addresses. An effort is to be made to secure the Trades and Labor Assembly hall for the occasion.

Miss Irene Stewart, a girl inmate of the Livingston home, is to be taken to the Massillon hospital again. The case is a sad one. She was in the in-

stitution for some months and was taken to her mother who is a missionary in Mexico. She could not be induced to recognize her parents and was then returned to Wooster. . . . John Markley, of near Orrville, has been adjudged insane and application has been made for his admission to the Massillon hospital. His case differs a little from many for the reason that he is anxious to go to the institution.

—Wooster Republican.

Miss Cecilia Heitger and Edward Malloney were married at St. Mary's church Wednesday morning, at 8:30 o'clock, the Rev. H. V. Kaempfer officiating. The bride was attended by Miss Edith Heitger, her sister. The groom's best man was Frank Meinhardt. The bride wore a tailor suit of light tan and carried white roses. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Heitger, in Mill street. Only immediate relatives were present. The groom is employed as a machinist in Cleveland where the newly married pair will reside.

IT COST JUST \$465.

Smallpox in Massillon Comes Rather High.

CITY'S SHARE MORE THAN \$100

The Township Must Bear the Remainder of the Expense—Controversy as to Who Pays Consulting Physicians Unsettled—Dr. Findley's Bill \$230.

Joseph Nicholas and his twenty-three days of smallpox cost Massillon and Perry township \$165. The city's share is a trifle over \$100. The bill of Dr. Findley, who was Nicholas's attending physician, is \$230. He charged at the rate of \$10 a day. The township trustees say the city must pay the bills of Dr. Barnes and Dr. Reed of \$10 each.

"These two physicians," said one of the trustees, today, "were called to examine the sick man to determine whether or not he really had smallpox. They were there in the interest of the health of the city. If it was found that the man had smallpox, then precautions must be taken to protect the city. That was their business. They were there to serve the city, more so than to be of assistance for the sick man, who already had medical attendance."

The council's committee, however, is not convinced of this. It still believes that the trustees should pay all doctors' bills. The city pays the expense of the quarantine.

SHOOT AT GREENVILLE.

Most of the Prize Money Comes to Massillon.

Most of the prize money of the sweepstake shoot at East Greenville, Thursday, was won by Massillonians. J. A. Smith, with a score of ten straight birds, won the first event. The money of the other events was divided. H. C. Foltz, of this city, and Robert Legg, of North Lawrence, were among the winners.

NEARBY TOWNS.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, Jan. 9.—Mrs. C. M. Leonard, of Massillon, spent Tuesday evening at this place with friends.

Mrs. Barbara Hoffman and daughter, Gertie, of Cleveland, were guests of relatives several days this week at the Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kessel returned to Cleveland last week.

W. J. Ries, who underwent an attack of typhoid fever, is again able to be around.

Mrs. S. C. Stamp left for her home in Toledo on Wednesday.

George Kiefer and William Molson have returned to Cambridge.

George Gebler, of Mt. Vernon, spent the holidays in town.

MAYOR SHETLER'S FUNERAL.

Beach City, Jan. 11.—The funeral of the late Mayor Shetler, whose death occurred Thursday afternoon, will take place from the Lutheran church on Sunday, at 1 o'clock, the Rev. Mr. Berry officiating. The Knights of Pythias will have charge of the services. The pall bearers will be Daniel Vese, A. Hav, John McWhanev, Jacob Moseopp, John C. Meyers and E. R. Speaker. Interment will be made in the cemetery at Strasburg.

OBITUARY.

MRS. MARCELLO JACKSON. Navarre, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Marcello Jackson is dead at Dayton. Mrs. Jackson is a sister of Mrs. John Kelly, of this place, and formerly lived here. Her maiden name was Brogan. She leaves a husband and daughter.

WANTED—Woman in every city and town to sell our toilet specialties. Good returns for right person. Address The Lemo Co., P. O. Box 59, Cleveland, O.

THREE IN A ROOM

Great Lack of Buildings at West Point.

INCREASE IN POSTAL RECEIPTS.

Secretary Gage Will Remain in Office Until February 1—Senator Quay Denies Story of His Retirement From the Senate, and Says He Will Serve Out His Term.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The members of the congressional committee on military affairs left here yesterday for the purpose of making a thorough inspection of conditions at the military academy with a view to making provision for enlarging the establishment on modern lines. The academy opened originally with only ten cadets under instruction. The corps increased gradually until it numbered 210 cadets in 1813. It numbers 182 at the present time and will comprise 511 cadets in March, 1903. The buildings have not kept pace with this steady increase and are said to be totally inadequate to the needs of the institution. It is stated that it has become necessary to assign three cadets to a room originally intended for one occupant.

A general increase of almost 15 per cent in the postal receipts at the fifty principal postoffices of the United States during December last is shown in an official statement issued yesterday which compares the receipts with those of December 1900. Chicago, with almost 23 per cent, reports the greatest proportionate advance, the total for last month being \$783,994. New York advanced almost 14 per cent to \$1,120,900. Jersey City, N. J., New Haven, Ct., and Dayton, O., are the only cities reporting decreases.

In connection with efforts the post-office department is making to expedite the delivery of mails in cities, a new scheme for quicker dispatch of special delivery letters is under consideration by Assistant Postmaster General Shallenberger. This contemplates attaching a supplementary letter box to the regular letter boxes on the streets, with a view to depositing thereon only the special delivery letters. This will be of much benefit to sections of cities remote from the postoffice, as special delivery messengers would make a rapid round of these special delivery boxes at frequent intervals, transferring the ordinary letters erroneously deposited to the regular boxes and carrying the special delivery letters to the postoffice for postmarking and then delivering immediately to the addressees.

The laborers in the government departments will be brought into the civil service under Presidential orders, the first of which will soon be issued. The inclusions will be made separately by departments instead of in bulk. Commissioner Foulke will prepare regulations for the classification of laborers in several of the departments here laborers not already subject to regulations. There will be no scholastic examination, applicants being graded according to experience and recommendations, with the required preference to war veterans.

Secretary Gage has received a telegram from Governor Shaw, stating that he cannot arrange his affairs so as to take charge of the treasury department on the date set, and asking Mr. Gage to remain until February 1. Secretary Gage has consented to do so.

Henry C. Payne will qualify as postmaster general and assume his new duties Tuesday or Wednesday. He will reach here Sunday. Postmaster General Smith will give his farewell dinner to the President and cabinet Monday evening.

Senator Quay returned from Florida today and called on the President. He said his health is much improved, denied the story that he contemplated retirement, and said he would serve out his term.

A memorial meeting in honor of President McKinley has been arranged by the Senate and House, to be held at noon on February 27, in the hall of the House of Representatives. Secretary Hay will deliver the address.

M. Lamprey, representative of the Panama Canal Company, was before the Senate committee on inter-oceanic canals today, at request of the committee. He was questioned at great length by the committee. The meeting was private and representatives of the press were excluded.

STATE SCHOOL QUARANTINED.

Forty Cases of Scarlet Fever Among the Pupils.

Columbus, Jan. 11.—A strict quarantine has been established at the state institution for the deaf and dumb, owing to forty cases of scarlet fever among the pupils.

INSURGENTS SURRENDER.

Being Driven to the Wall at all Points.

Manila, Jan. 11.—Colonel Marisigan, Major Cabrera, and a renegade priest, named Castillo, who stole a valuable image of the virgin from a church, for which he obtained large sums of money, have surrendered unconditionally to General Bell, who is conducting the campaign against the insurgents in Bantangan province. They had control of the district of Toad, extending westward to the sea, including the towns of Banani and Guenon. The agreement is that these chiefs shall on Monday absolutely surrender every man and gun in their district. It is estimated that one hundred and sixty guns will be turned in. Many men and guns have been captured during the past few days, and small engagements occurred daily.

General Bell visited the city for four hours yesterday and had a conference with General Chaffee. He says the present campaign is securing valuable results and that it is possible Malvar, the insurgent leader, will surrender next week.

NEGRO HANGED BY MOB.

Speedy Punishment for Assaulting a White Girl.

Springfield, Ky., Jan. 11.—Jim Mays, a negro, was hanged by a mob early this morning for assaulting a white girl. The body was found hanging to a tree in the high school yard. The mob came quietly about 2 a. m., aroused the jailer and demanded the keys. They were refused and they broke in, took Mays, and in a few minutes hung him to a tree. Members of the mob were not recognized. Mays attempted an assault on the girl, who was returning from a neighbor's. Her cries brought her two brothers, who pursued and caught Mays and beat him nearly to death before farmers interfered and had him taken to jail.

WOMEN IN FACTORIES.

Majority Fail to Make Living Expenses.

Columbus, Jan. 11.—From investigations in the cities of Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Toledo, State Labor Commissioner Hatchford's report on the condition of women employed in shops and factories shows that the labor of young women is so cheap that it is claimed their living expenses are thirty-eight cents a week more than their wages. There are a few instances in which shop girls succeed in saving and the average amount is only fourteen cents a week. According to the report, those who save live at home. Counting out these fortunate ones, the state labor department finds that a majority of the shop girls are not supported by their families.

PAINESVILLE BANK SUSPENDS.

Painesville, O., Jan. 11.—The Peoples Bank, of this city, closed its doors today, on account of the suspension of the Euclid Avenue Trust and Savings Company, of Cleveland. Dr. H. C. Brainard is vice president and C. H. Stewart director. Both were officers of the suspended Cleveland bank. The bank assigned to Harley Barnes. No statement of the bank's condition has been made.

SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

Results of the Last County Teachers' Examination.

The following candidates were successful at the Stark county teachers' examination, Jan. 4:

For three years—S. J. Bowman, Waynesburg.

For two years—Kelsey Holibaugh, Marlboro; Lewis E. Myers, Louisville.

For one year—W. A. Apley, McDonaldsville; Arthur Culler, Freeburg; Lewis Carl, Osnaburg; Raymond Hagman, New Franklin; J. R. Fierstos, Canton; D. M. Garman, McDonaldsville; Walter Glass, Alliance; Herbert Henning, Louisville; Harold J. Janson, Mapleton; H. H. Myers, Wilmot; Charles B. McClintock, Beach City; John W. Martin, New Franklin; W. B. Putman, Wilmot; Frank W. Reineoh, North Lawrence; D. E. Shoemaker, Hartsville; S. C. Smith, Canton; Orrville R. Wiley, Hatville; Harold C. Youtz, Mapleton; Mary M. Friedrich, Massillon; Clara I. Herman, New Berlin; Cora McCallum, Louisville; Mary A. McDaniel, Osnaburg; Blanche, McIntosh, Bolivar; Amanda B. Spencer, Waynesburg; Katie Sorn, Canal Fulton; Laura Welty, Canton. Total number of applicants, 48.

FOLEY'S Honey and Tar cures coughs and colds, hoarseness and croup, bronchitis and la grippe.

Pleurisy, pneumonia and consumption are prevented by Foley's Honey and Tar. Asthma and Tar, and in the early stages it cures them.

The proof that it has done these things is on file with your druggist. We guarantee it to do all these things.

Note: There is nothing "just as good" or "just the same" as Foley's Honey and Tar, although there are substitutes on which dealers make more profit.

BANNER SALVE cures piles. It's guaranteed.

YOUR MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T

Foley & Snyder, Proprietors

HUMBERGERS' MILL END.

SEE THE MILL END PRICES ON Ladies' Raglans and Box Coats... ..THEY ARE WONDERFUL..

GET IN BEFORE THE SIZES ARE BROKEN.

Humbergers' Mill End.

CLOSING OUT SALE

Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs. for.....\$1.00
C Sugar, 25 lbs. for.....\$1.00
Navy Beans per quart.....6c
Jumbo Pick es per d z.....10c
3 doz. for 25c.
Gloss Soap per cake.....3c
Swiss Pride per cake.....3c
Felt's Naptha, per cake.....4c
Ivory, per cake.....4c
White Floating, per cake.....2c

COFFEES
Dannemiller's, XXXX,11c per pound.
Capital, Lion.

S. F. WEFLER.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

WANTED.
A MAN or Woman with \$100 can join me in mail order business. Large profits at once. Legitimate business. Address H. T. Independent Office.

FOR SALE.
COAL.—At mine, near Sherwood Siding, on W. & L. B. railway one mile west of city. Best Massillon lump, brush or slack, at lowest prices; also will deliver lump in city at \$2.00 per ton. Levers & Smith.

HOUSE—Eight rooms, furnace, gas, city and cistern water, laundry, abundance of fruit, corner lot, 45 ft. front and 200 ft. deep. Inquire at No. 115 Akron street.

HOUSE—Seven rooms, corner of Oak and McLain streets; furnace, gas and bath; possession given within two weeks. S. Bird.

HOUSE and lot (2x56) west side of Hill street, between Tremont and Oak; five rooms, bath, gas, Hess-Snyder furnace, Warren R. Russell, 25 Prospect street.

HOUSE—Seven rooms, bath, laundry, city and cistern water in kitchen, natural gas, steam heat, fruit trees in yard, corner Oak and McLain streets. Inquire of E. C. Merwin.

HOUSE—A seven room house with gas city and cistern water and a good barn suitable for one horse and buggy, corner Jarvis avenue and Walnut street; price \$2,400. Apply to F. Strubel, care Bridge Works.

Will offer for sale the brick house and lot corner of Main and Cedar streets; this will be offered for a few weeks only. S. Bird.

LOTS—Eight choice lots, Oak Park, McLain's addition; building plans free. Inquire John H. Williams, 128 West Main st.

PIANO—Beautiful new upright piano; fully warranted, low stool and seat; delivered at \$1.50 per week. Address Piano Independent.

SEVEN roomed house, furnace, gas, city and cistern water, abundance of fruit; easier terms than paying rent. Inquire of Dr. Kirkland.

FOR RENT.
BARN—Inquire John B. Snyder, 211 East Main street.

BRICK BUILDING—Opposite the Hess, Snyder Co. office, good location suitable for a business room and living rooms in connection. Inquire at office of the Hess, Snyder Co.

HOUSE of six rooms. West end of Walnut street. Inquire on premises. Possession after Jan. 20th. John Kiefer.

ROOMS—Two furnished, for light house-keeping, including bath; can also furnish rooms and board for man and wife, \$3.40 per week. 314 South Mill st.

ROOMS—Two rooms over Dr. Dimon's office in East Main street. Inquire at Dr. Dimon's clothing and shoe store.

BAHNEY'S

WALL PAPER STORE,

20 E. Main St., Massillon, O.